### **Amendments to the Claims:**

Please amend Claim 55.

The Claim Listing below will replace all prior versions of the claims in the application:

### **Claim Listing:**

1. (Previously Presented) A compound having the Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof:

wherein:

A is selected from the group consisting of H, - (C=O)-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>, -C(=O)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>, -C(=S)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-R<sup>1</sup>, and -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-NH-R<sup>1</sup>;

G is selected from the group consisting of -OH, -O-( $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl), -NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>- $R^1$ , -(C=O)-R<sup>1</sup>, -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>, and -(C=O)-NH-R<sup>1</sup>;

 $\label{eq:Linear_Line$ 

m is 0, 1, or 2;

s is 0, 1 or 2;

R<sup>1</sup> is selected form the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, diarylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl,

substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, OH, CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, SH, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amide, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, and trifluoromethyl;

E is selected from -CH=CH- or -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-; and

W is a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic ring system; wherein the radical being joined to the rest of the molecule via a ring atom.

- 2. (Original) A compound according to claim 1 wherein W is substituted with one or more substituents, each of said substituents being independently selected from any of (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e):
- (a) alkenyl; alkoxy; alkoxyalkyl; alkyl; alkylamino; alkylaryl; alkylsulfonyl; alkynyl; amide; amido optionally mono-substituted with  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl; aryl; arylalkanoylalkyl; arylalkyl; arylaminoalkyl; aryloxyalkyl; arylsulfonyl; cycloalkoxy; cycloalkyl; dialkylamino; dialkylaminoalkyl; diarylaminoalkyl; haloalkyl; heteroaryl; heteroarylalkyl; heterocyclo; heterocycloalkyl; heterocycloalkylalkyl; thioalkyl; monoalkylaminoalkyl; sulfonyl; (lower alkyl)sulfonyl; haloalkyl; carboxyl; amide; (lower alkyl)amide; heterocyclo optionally substituted with  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl; perhaloalkyl; sulfonyl; thioalkyl; urea, C(=O)- $R^{11}$ ;  $OC(=O)R^{11}$ ; C(=O)O- $R^{11}$ ;  $C(=O)N(R^{11})_2$ ;  $C(=S)N(R^{11})_2$ ;  $SO_2R^{11}$ ;  $NHS(O_2)R^{11}$ ;  $N(R^{12})_2$ ;  $N(R^{12})C(=O)R^{11}$ ;

wherein each of the foregoing can be optionally be substituted with up to three groups selected from halogen, OH, alkoxy, perhaloalkyl;

(b)  $C_7$ - $C_{14}$  aralkyl;  $C_2$ - $C_7$ cycloalkyl;  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$  aryl; heterocyclo; (lower alkyl)-heterocyclo;

wherein each aralkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclo or (lower alkyl)-heterocyclo may be optionally substituted with  $R^6$ , where  $R^6$  is halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkoxy,  $NO_2$ ,  $N(R^7)_2$ , NH-C(O)- $R^7$  or NH-C(O)- $NHR^7$ ; where  $R^7$  is H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl or  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl;

or R<sup>6</sup> is NH-C(O)-OR<sup>8</sup> where R<sup>8</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl;

(c) N(R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NH-C(O)-R<sup>5</sup>, or NH-C(O)-NH-R<sup>5</sup> where R<sup>5</sup> is independently H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>

alkyl or  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_6$  or  $C_{10}$  aryl,  $C_7$ - $C_{14}$  aralkyl, heterocyclo or (lower alkyl)-heterocyclo;

- (d) NH-C(O)-OR<sup>8</sup> where R<sup>8</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl;
- (e) formyl; halogen;, hydroxy; NO<sub>2</sub>; OH; SH; halo; CN;

wherein each R<sup>11</sup> is independently H, OH, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, perhaloalkyl, alkoxy, aryl, arylalkyl, alkylaryl, heterocyclo, heterocycloalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, arylalkanoylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl aryloxyalkyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, monoalkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, diarylaminoalkyl, wherein any of the foregoing can be optionally be substituted with up to three groups selected from halogen, OH, alkoxy and perhaloalkyl; and

each R<sup>12</sup> is independently H, formyl, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, perhaloalkyl, alkoxy, aryl, arylalkyl, alkylaryl, heterocyclo, heterocycloalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroaryl, arylalkanoylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl aryloxyalkyl, monoalkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, or diarylaminoalkyl, wherein any of the foregoing can be optionally be substituted with up to three groups selected from halogen, OH, alkoxy and perhaloalkyl.

- 3. (Original) The compound of claim 1 wherein W is selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) an aliphatic heteromonocyclic, heterobicyclic or heterotricyclic ring system having from five to sixteen ring atoms and up to four ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said ring system is optionally substituted with up to three ring substituents selected from the group consisting of OH, CN, halogen, formyl, R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup>; and
- (b) an aromatic heteromonocyclic, heterobicyclic or heterotricyclic ring system having from five to sixteen ring atoms and up to four ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said ring system is optionally substituted with up to three ring substituents selected from the group consisting of OH, CN, halogen, formyl, and R<sup>10</sup>;

wherein:

each R<sup>10</sup> is independently alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, perhaloalkyl, alkoxy, aryl, arylalkyl, alkylaryl, heterocyclo, heterocycloalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heretoaryl,

heteroarylalkyl, arylalkanoylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl aryloxyalkyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, monoalkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, diarylaminoalkyl, heteroaryl or urea, wherein any of the foregoing can be optionally be substituted with up to three groups selected from halogen, OH, alkoxy and perhaloalkyl;  $C(=O)-R^{11}$ ,  $OC(=O)R^{11}$ ,  $C(=O)O-R^{11}$ ,  $C(=O)N(R^{11})_2$ ,  $C(=S)N(R^{11})_2$ ,  $SO_2R^{11}$ ,  $NHS(O_2)R^{11}$ ,  $N(R^{12})_2$ , and  $N(R^{12})C(=O)R^{11}$ ;

each R<sup>11</sup> is independently H, OH, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, perhaloalkyl, alkoxy, aryl, arylalkyl, alkylaryl, heterocyclo, heterocycloalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, arylalkanoylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl aryloxyalkyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, monoalkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, diarylaminoalkyl, wherein any of the foregoing can be optionally be substituted with up to three groups selected from halogen, OH, alkoxy and perhaloalkyl;

each R<sup>12</sup> is independently H, formyl, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, perhaloalkyl, alkoxy, aryl, arylalkyl, alkylaryl, heterocyclo, heterocycloalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heteroarylalkyl, heteroaryl, arylalkanoylalkyl, heterocycloalkylalkyl aryloxyalkyl, monoalkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, or diarylaminoalkyl, wherein any of the foregoing can be optionally be substituted with up to three groups selected from halogen, OH, alkoxy and perhaloalkyl.

- 4. (Original) The compound of claim 3 wherein W is an aliphatic heteromonocyclic, heterobicyclic or heterotricyclic ring system having from five to sixteen ring atoms and up to four ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said ring system is optionally substituted with up to three ring substituents selected from the group consisting of OH, CN, halogen, formyl,  $R_{10}$  and  $R_{11}$ .
- 5. (Original) The compound of claim 3 wherein W is an aliphatic heteromonocyclic ring system having from five to seven ring atoms and up to four ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said ring system is optionally substituted with up to three ring substituents selected from the group consisting of OH, CN, halogen, formyl, R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup>.

- 6. (Original) The compound of claim 5 herein said optionally substituted aliphatic heteromonocyclic ring system has five ring atoms and 1 or 2 ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S.
- 7. (Original) The compound of claim 6 wherein said optionally substituted aliphatic heteromonocyclic ring system is selected from the group consisting of pyrrolidines, pyrazolidines, pyrrolines, tetrahydrothiophenes, dihydrothiophenes, tetrahydrofurans, dihydrofurans, imidazolines, tetrahydroimidazoles, dihydropyrazoles, tetrahydropyrazoles, and oxazolines.
- 8. (Original) The compound of claim 5 wherein said optionally substituted aliphatic heteromonocyclic ring system has six ring atoms and 1 or 2 ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S.
- 9. (Original) The compound of claim 8 wherein said optionally substituted aliphatic heteromonocyclic ring system is selected from the group consisting of pyridines, piperidines, dihydropyridines, tetrahydropyridines, dihydropyrans, tetrahydropyrans, dioxanes, piperazines, dihydropyrimidines, tetrahydropyrimidines, perhydro pyrimidine, morpholine, thioxane, and thiomorpholine.
- 10. (Original) The compound of claim 5 wherein said optionally substituted aliphatic heteromonocyclic ring system has seven ring atoms and 1 or 2 ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S.
- 11. (Original) The compound of claim 8 wherein said optionally substituted aliphatic heteromonocyclic ring system is selected from the group consisting of hexamethyleneimine, and hexamethylenesulfide.
- 12. (Original) The compound of claim 3 wherein W is an aliphatic heterobicyclic ring system having from five to sixteen ring atoms and up to four ring hetero atoms selected from

- O, N and S, wherein said ring system is optionally substituted with up to three ring substituents selected from the group consisting of OH, CN, halogen, formyl and  $R_{10}$ .
- 13. (Original) The compound of claim 12 wherein said optionally substituted aliphatic heterobicyclic ring system has eight to twelve ring atoms and 1 to 4 ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S.
- 14. (Original) The compound of claim 13 wherein said optionally substituted aliphatic heterobicyclic ring system eight to twelve ring atoms and 1 or 2 ring hetero atoms selected from O and N.
- 15. (Original) The compound of claim 3 wherein W is an aromatic heteromonocyclic, heterobicyclic or heterotricyclic ring system having from five to sixteen ring atoms and up to four ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said ring system is optionally substituted with up to three ring substituents selected from the group consisting of OH, CN, halogen, formyl and  $R_{10}$ .
- 16. (Original) The compound of claim 3 wherein W is an aromatic heteromonocyclic ring system having from five to seven ring atoms and up to four ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said ring system is optionally substituted with up to three ring substituents selected from the group consisting of OH, CN, halogen, formyl and  $R_{10}$ .
- 17. (Original) The compound of claim 15 wherein said optionally substituted aromatic heteromonocyclic ring system has five ring atoms and 1 or 2 ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S.
- 18. (Previously presented) The compound of claim 1 wherein said optionally substituted aromatic heteromonocyclic ring system is selected from the group consisting of pyrroles, pyrazoles, porphyrins, furans, thiophenes, pyrazoles, imidazoles, oxazoles, oxadiazoles, isoxazoles, thiazoles, thiadiazoles, and isothiazoles.

- 19. (Original) The compound of claim 16 wherein said optionally substituted aromatic heteromonocyclic ring system has six ring atoms and 1, 2 or 3 ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S.
- 20. (Original) The compound of claim 19 wherein said optionally substituted aromatic heteromonocyclic ring system is selected from the group consisting of pyridines, pyrimidines, pyrazines, pyrans, and triazines.
- 21. (Original) The compound of claim 16 wherein said optionally substituted aromatic heteromonocyclic ring system has five ring atoms and 3 or 4 ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S.
- 22. (Original) The compound of claim 21 wherein said optionally substituted aromatic heteromonocyclic ring system is triazolyl or tetrazolyl.
- 23. (Original) The compound of claim 3 wherein W is an aromatic heterobicyclic ring system having from eight to twelve ring atoms and up to four ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said ring system is optionally substituted with up to three ring substituents selected from the group consisting of OH, CN, halogen, formyl and  $R_{10}$ .
- 24. (Original) The compound of claim 23 wherein said optionally substituted aromatic heterobicyclic ring system is selected from the group consisting of adenines, azabenzimidazoles, azaindoles, benzimidazoles, benzo isothiazoles, benzofurans, benzoisoxazoles, benzooxazoles, benzothiadiazoles, benzothiazoles, benzothienes, benzothiophenes, benzoxazoles, carbazoles, cinnolines, guanines, imidazopyridines, indazoles, isoindoles, isoquinolines, phthalazines, purines, pyrrolo pyridines, quinazolines, quinolines, quinoxalines, thianaphthenes, and xanthines.
- 25. (Original) The compound of claim 3 wherein W is an aromatic heterotricyclic ring

system having from ten to sixteen ring atoms and up to four ring hetero atoms selected from O, N and S, wherein said ring system is optionally substituted with up to three ring substituents selected from the group consisting of OH, CN, halogen, formyl,  $R_{10}$  and  $R_{11}$ .

- 26. (Original) The compound of claim 25 wherein said optionally substituted aromatic heterotricyclic ring system is selected from the group consisting of carbazoles, bibenzofurans, psoralens, dibenzothiophenes, phenazines, thianthrenes, phenanthrolines, phenanthridines.
- 27. (Previously Presented) A compound of Formula II or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof;

Formula II

Wherein:

A is selected from the group consisting of H, -(C=O)-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>, -C(=O)-NH-R<sup>1</sup>, -C(=S)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-R<sup>1</sup>, and -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-NH-R<sup>1</sup>;

G is selected from the group consisting of -OH, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkyl), -

 $NHS(O)_2-R^1$ , -(C=O)-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>, and -(C=O)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>;

L is selected from the group consisting of absent, -S-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)-, -S(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -(C=O)-CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CFHCH<sub>2</sub>-, -CF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -CR<sub>x</sub>=CR<sub>x</sub>- where  $R_x$  = H or halogen;

Q is selected from the group consisting of absent, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -NH-, -N( $\mathbb{R}^1$ )-, -S-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, and -(C=O)-;

Q' is selected from the group consisting of absent, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -NH-;

Y is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

$$j = 0, 1, 2, 3, \text{ or } 4;$$
  
 $m = 0, 1, \text{ or } 2;$   
 $s = 0.1 \text{ or } 2;$ 

 $R^1$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkyl amino, arylamino, diarylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl; and

 ${\ensuremath{R}}^3$  and  ${\ensuremath{R}}^4$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl.

## 28. (Original) A compound according to claim 27, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>;  
G is hydroxyl;  
L is absent;  
$$j = 3$$
;  
 $m = s = 1$ ; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

29. (Original) A compound according to claim 27, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-*tert*-butyl;

G is hydroxyl;

L is absent;

j = 3;

m = s = 1; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

30. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 27, wherein:

A is  $-(C=O)-O-R^1$ ,

G is hydroxyl;

L is absent;

W is

j = 3;

m = s = 1; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

31. (Original) A compound according to claim 27, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-*tert*-butyl;

G is hydroxyl;

L is absent;

j = 3;

m = s = 1; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

j = 3; m	n=s=1; a	nd				
A	G	L	W	Q	Y	$R^3, R^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N N_N Q_Y	absent	phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent	2-bromophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNN Q	absent	3-bromophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN	absent	4-bromophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNN Q	absent	5-Bromo-2-thienyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent	2-bromo-4-pyridyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N N_N Q_Y	absent	2-biphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N N-N-N-Y	absent	3-biphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN	absent	4-biphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNQY	absent	3-(3-thienyl)phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N N-N-Q-Y	absent	3-(p- trifluoromethoxyphe nyl)phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent	3-(p- cyanophenyl)phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$

A	G	L	W	Q	Y	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent A	4-(3-thienyl)phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N Q	= absent	4-(p- trifluoromethoxyphe nyl)phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N Q	Absent absent	4-(p- cyanophenyl)phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent	5-phenyl-2-thienyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNQ	absent	5-phenyl-3-pyridyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	OEt	absent	N=N	absent	3-chloro-4- hydroxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent	3-chloro-4- hydroxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent	3-bromo-4- hydroxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent	2-methyl-4- bromophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent	3-methyl-4- bromophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent	n-propyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent	n-butyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N Q	absent absent	4-ethoxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N N-N-Q	absent	4-propoxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$

4	G	L	W	Q	Y	$R^3, R^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent Y	4-butoxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN	absent	3-methoxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNQ	absent	3, 4-dimethoxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N N-N-Q	absent	4-methoxy-1- naphthyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNQ	absent Y	4-phenoxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNQ	absent	benzyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNQ	absent Y	p-phenylbenzyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N N-N-Q	absent Y	3-chlorophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N N N Q	absent	3-fluorophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N N N Q	absent	3-methoxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN	absent	3-phenoxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN	absent	3-benzyloxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N N,NQ	absent	3- trifluormethylphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN	absent Y	4-bromophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNQ	absent	4-fluorophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$

A	G	L	W	Q	Y	$R^3, R^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N Q	y absent	4-methoxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	absent Y	4-ethoxyphenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN	<b>Y</b> absent	4- trifluoromethylpheny	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	Y absent	3,5- di(trifluoromethyl)ph enyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N Q	Y absent	4-(N, N-dimethylamino)-3, 5-di(trifluoromethyl)ph	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N O	y absent	2, 4-dichlorophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N	y absent	3, 5-dichlorophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N Q	absent Y	3, 4-dichlorophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N NNNQ	absent Y	2-pyridyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	absent	2-pyridyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N Q	absent Y	3-pyridyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N N Q	absent Y	4-pyridyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N N N Q	y absent	4-methoxy-3- bromophenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$

A	G	L	W	Q	Y	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	absent	4-	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			A N N Q	<b>Y</b>	(methylcyclopropan	ne
					)phenyl	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	absent	3-chloro-4-	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			8 N N Q	<b>-</b>	(methylcyclopropan	ne
					)phenyl	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	absent	3-chloro-4-	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			ZZ N N Q	-4	methoxyphenyl	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	absent	3-chloro-4-	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			A N N Q	<b>Y</b>	ethoxyphenyl	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	absent	3-bromo-4-	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			ZZ N N Q	-Y	ethoxyphenyl	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	absent	3-chloro-4-(2-	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			Zy N N Q	-Y	hydroxyethoxy)phe	n
					yl	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	absent	3-bromo-4-(2-	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			8 N N Q		hydroxyethoxy)phe	n
					yl	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	absent	3-chloro-4-(O-	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			ZZ N N Q		allyl)phenyl	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	absent	3-bromo-4-(O-	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			ZZ N N N Q	-Y	allyl)phenyl	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	absent	3-chloro-4-(O-	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			ZZ N N N	-	CH <sub>2</sub> SCH <sub>3</sub> )phenyl	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	absent	3-chloro-4-(O-	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			ZZ N N	7	CH <sub>2</sub> SCH <sub>3</sub> )phenyl	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	wherein $Q' = -C$	H <sub>2</sub> -	$R^3 = R^4 = H$ ; and
			'84 N N 'N 'Q'		,	
tBOC	ОН	absent	N=N	wherein Q' = -C	H <sub>2</sub> -	$R^3 = R^4 = H.$
			" ~ Q'		, <b> </b> _/	

33. (Original) A compound according to claim 27 which is selected from the group consisting of:

j=3; m=s=1; and						
A	G	L	W	Q	Y	$R^3, R^4$
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup> wherein R <sup>1</sup> = cyclopentyl	ОН	absent	N N N Q Y	absent	phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
$ \begin{array}{ll} -(C=O)-O-R^1 \\ \text{wherein}  R^1 \\ \text{cyclobutyl} \end{array} $	ОН	absent	N N N Q Y	absent	phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
wherein $A = -(C=O)-O-R^1$ wherein $R^1 = $ cyclohexyl		absent	N=N VANCO	absent	phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
wherein $A = -(C=O)-O-R^1$ wherein $R^1 = 0$		absent	N N N Q Y	absent	phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
wherein $A = -(C=O)-O-R^1$ wherein $R^1 = 0$		absent	N N N Q Y	absent	phenyl	$R^3 = R^4 = H$ ; and
wherein A = $-(C=O)-O-R1$ wherein R1 =	ОН	absent	N N N Q Y	absent	phenyl	R3 = R4 = H

m=s=1; a	nd							
A	G	L	W	Q	Y	j	m, s	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
tBOC	ОН	-(C=O)CH <sub>2</sub> -	N N N Q Y	absent	phenyl	1	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	-CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> -	N N N Q Y	absent	phenyl	1	m = s = 1	$R^3 =$ methyl, $R^4 = H$
1BOC	ОН	-0-	N N N Q Y	absent	phenyl	0	m = s = 1	$R^3 =$ methyl, $R^4 = H$
tBOC	ОН	-S-	N=N N_N_O_Y	absent	phenyl	0	m = s = 1	$R^3 =$ methyl, $R^4 = H$
tBOC	ОН	-S(O)-	N N N	absent	phenyl	0	m = s =	$R^3 =$ methyl, $R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	-S(O) <sub>2</sub> -	N N N Q Y	absent	phenyl	0	m = s = 1	methyl, $R^4 = H$
tBOC	ОН	-SCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> -	N N N Q Y	absent	phenyl	0		$R^3 = R^4 = CH_3;$
tBOC	ОН	-CF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> -	N N N Q Y	absent	phenyl	1		$R^3 = R^4 =$ H; and
tBOC	ОН	-CFHCH <sub>2</sub> -	N=N NNN QY	absent	phenyl	1	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H$

A G	L	W	j	m, s	R3, R4
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A	G	L	w	j	m, s	R3, R4
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-O-phenethyl	absent	N=N	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl			88 N. O.			
			Q = absent			
			Y = phenyl			
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-NH-phenethyl	absent	N=N	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
$R^1 = \text{cyclopentyl}$			N Q			
			Q = absent			
			Y = phenyl			
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-NHS(O)	absent	N=N N Y	j=3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
$R^1 = \text{cyclopentyl}$	<sub>2</sub> -phenethyl		N Q			
			Q = absent			
			Y = phenyl			2
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-(C=O)-OH	absent		j=3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl			N Q			
			Q = absent			
1			Y = phenyl			_ 3 _ 4
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-(C=O)-O-pheneth	absent		j=3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl	yl		85°   10 Cd			
			Q = absent			
(2.0) 0.01	(0.0)	1	Y = phenyl			D3 D4 II
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-(C=O)-NH-phenet	absent		j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl	hyl					
			Q = absent			
(0,0) 0,71	(0,0) 277 0(0)	-1	Y = phenyl		4	D <sup>3</sup> D <sup>4</sup> II
$-(C=O)-O-R^{1}$ $R^{1}=\text{avalage}$	-(C=O)-NH-S(O) <sub>2</sub> -	absent		j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H.$
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl	benzyl		<b>S</b>			
			Q = absent			
			Y = phenyl			

36. (Previously Presented) A compound of Formula III or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof:

$$A \xrightarrow{N} \begin{bmatrix} R_3 \\ R_4 \end{bmatrix}_{j} \begin{bmatrix} R_4 \\ R_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Formula III

wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of H,  $-(C=O)-R^2$ ,  $-(C=O)-O-R^1$ ,  $-C(=O)-NH-R^2$ ,  $-C(=S)-NH-R^2$ ,  $-S(O)_2-R^2$ ,  $-(C=NR^1)-R^1$ , and  $-(C=NR^1)-NH-R^1$ ;

G is selected from the group consisting of -OH, -O-( $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl), -NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>- $R^1$ , -(C=O)- $R^2$ , -(C=O)-O- $R^1$ , and -(C=O)-NH- $R^2$ ;

L is selected from the group consisting of absent, -S-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)-, -S(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -(C=O)-CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CFHCH<sub>2</sub>-, -CF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -CR<sub>x</sub>=CR<sub>x</sub>- where  $R_x$  = H or halogen;

t soo N

W is selected from the group consisting of

Q is selected from the group consisting of absent, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -NH-, -N( $\mathbb{R}^1$ )-, -S-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, and -(C=O)-;

Q' is selected from the group consisting of absent, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -NH-;

Y is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

$$j = 0, 1, 2, 3, \text{ or } 4;$$
  
 $m = 0, 1, \text{ or } 2;$ 

$$s = 0.1 \text{ or } 2;$$

 $R^1$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkyl amino, arylamino, diarylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl.

37. (Original) A compound according to claim 36, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>;  
G is hydroxyl;  
L is absent;  

$$j = 3$$
;  
 $m = s = 1$ ; and  
R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

38. (Original) A compound according to claim 36, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-tert-butyl;  
G is hydroxyl;  
L is absent;  
$$j = 3$$
;  
 $m = s = 1$ ; and  
 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are hydrogen.

39. (Original) A compound according to claim 36, wherein:

G is hydroxyl;

L is absent;

$$W \text{ is}$$

$$j = 3;$$

m = s = 1; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

40. (Original) A compound according to claim 36, wherein:

G is hydroxyl;

L is absent;

j = 3;

m = s = 1; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

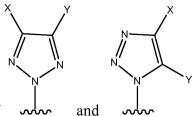
41. (Previously Presented) A compound of Formula II or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof:

Formula II

wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of H, -(C=O)-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>, -C(=O)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>, -C(=S)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-R<sup>1</sup>, and -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-NH-R<sup>1</sup>; G is selected from the group consisting of -OH, -O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkyl), -NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>1</sup>, -(C=O)-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>, and -(C=O)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>;

L is selected from the group consisting of absent, -S-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)-, -S(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -CR<sub>x</sub>=CR<sub>x</sub>- where R<sub>x</sub> = H or halogen;



W is selected from the group consisting of who and who, where X and Y are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-alkylamino, -CH<sub>2</sub>-dialkylamino, -CH<sub>2</sub>-arylamino, -CH<sub>2</sub>-diarylamino, -(C=O)-alkylamino, -(C=O)-dialkylamino, -(C=O)-arylamino, -(C=O)-diarylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl; in the alternative, X and Y taken together with the carbon atoms occupying the 4 and 5 positions of the triazole ring, to which X and Y are attached, for a cyclic moiety selected from the group consisting of aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

$$j = 0, 1, 2, 3, \text{ or } 4;$$
  
 $m = 0, 1, \text{ or } 2;$   
 $s = 0, 1 \text{ or } 2;$ 

 $R^1$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl,

substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkyl amino, arylamino, diarylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl; and

 ${\ensuremath{R}}^3$  and  ${\ensuremath{R}}^4$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl.

42. (Original) A compound according to claim 41, wherein:

43. (Original) A compound according to claim 41, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-tert-butyl;  
G is hydroxyl;  
L is absent;  
$$j = 3$$
;  
 $m = s = 1$ ; and  
 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are hydrogen.

44. (Original) A compound according to claim 41, wherein:

W is 
$$j = 3;$$

$$m = s = 1; \text{ and}$$

$$R^3 \text{ and } R^4 \text{ are hydrogen.}$$

45. (Original) A compound according to claim 41, wherein:

G is hydroxyl;

L is absent;

W is

J = 3;

M = s = 1; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

A	G	L	W	J	m, s	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X $X$ $Y$ $X$ $X$ $Y$	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$

A	G	L	W	J	m, s	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = Y = phenyl	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H.$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = n-propyl Y = phenyl	j = 3		$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X $N$	j = 3		$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = m-bromophenyl Y = p- methoxyphenyl	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X $N$	j = 3		$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$

A	G	L	W	J	m, s	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X Y N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			X = 4-pyrazolyl Y = p-methoxyphenyl			
tBOC	ОН	absent	X $N$ $N$ $N$ $X$ $X = 3$ -pyridyl	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			Y = p-methoxyphenyl			
tBOC	ОН	absent	X Y N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			X = 2-pyridyl Y = p-methoxyphenyl			
tBOC	ОН	absent	X Y Y	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			X = 2-thiazolyl Y = p-methoxyphenyl			
1BOC	ОН	absent	X $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			Y = phenyl			
tBOC	ОН	absent	X Y N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
			Y = phenyl			

A	G	L	W	J	m, s	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X Y N N N X = n-propyl Y = n-propyl	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = (N, N-diethylamino)methyl Y = phenyl	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = N, N-diethylaminocarbonyl Y = phenyl	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
1BOC	ОН	absent	X = m-chlorophenyl Y = 4-ethoxyphenyl	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X $N$ $N$ $N$ $N$ $X = 2$ -phenylethenyl $Y = phenyl$	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	benzotriazole	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	5, 6-methylbenzotriazole	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H$ ; and

A	G	L	W	J	m, s	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	H <sub>3</sub> C Br	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	absent	H <sub>3</sub> C S	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H$ ; and
1BOC	ОН	absent	N, N, N	j = 3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H.$

A	G	L	W	J	m, s	$R^3, R^4$
$-(C=O)-O-R^1$ wherein $R^1$ = cyclopentyl	ОН	absent	X = phenyl Y = phenyl	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
$-(C=O)-O-R^1$ wherein $R^1$ = cyclobutyl	ОН	absent	X $N$	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
$-(C=O)-O-R^{1}$ wherein $R^{1}$ = cyclohexyl	ОН	absent	X $N$	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
$-(C=O)-O-R^{1}$ wherein $R^{1}$	ОН	absent	X = phenyl $Y = phenyl$	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
$-(C=O)-O-R^{1}$ wherein $R^{1}$	ОН	absent	X = phenyl $Y = phenyl$	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H$ ; and
$-(C=O)-O-R^1$ wherein $R^1 =$	ОН	absent	X Y N N X = phenyl Y = phenyl	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H.$

A	G	L	W	J	m, s	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
tBOC	ОН	-(C=O)CH <sub>2</sub> -	X Y N N N X = phenyl Y = phenyl	1	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	-CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> -	X = phenyl Y = phenyl	1	m = s = 1	$R^3 = methyl$ $R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	-0-	X = phenyl Y = phenyl	0	m = s = 1	$R^3 = methyl$ $R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	-S-	X = phenyl Y = phenyl	0	m = s = 1	$R^3 = methyl$ $R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	-S(O)-	X = phenyl Y = phenyl	2	m = s = 1	$R^3 = methyl$ $R^4 = H;$
tBOC	ОН	-S(O) <sub>2</sub> -	X = phenyl Y = phenyl	2	m = s = 1	$R^3 = methyl$ $R^4 = H;$

A	G	L	W	J	m, s	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
tBOC	ОН	-SCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> -	X Y N N N X = phenyl	0	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = CH_3;$
			Y = phenyl			
tBOC	ОН	-CF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> -	X Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	1	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H$ ; and
tBOC	ОН	-CFHCH <sub>2</sub> -	X = phenyl Y = phenyl	1	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 = H.$

A	G	L	W	J	m, s	R3, R4
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-O-phenethyl	absent	X	3	m = s = 1	and $R3 = R4 = H$ ;
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl			N, N			
			X = phenyl			
			Y = phenyl			
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-NH-phenethyl	absent	X Y	3	m = s = 1	and $R3 = R4 = H$ ;
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl			N, N			
			X = phenyl			
			Y = phenyl			

A	G	L	W	J	m, s	R3, R4
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-NHS(O) <sub>2</sub> -phenethyl	absent	X	3	m = s = 1	and $R3 = R4 = H$ ;
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl			ν΄ν ′′′ν			
			Ĵ			
			X = phenyl			
			Y = phenyl			
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-(C=O)-OH	absent	XY	3	m = s = 1	and and $R^3 = R^4 = H$ ;
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl			ν΄, ν			
			····			
			X = phenyl			
			Y = phenyl			
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-(C=O)-O-phenethyl	absent	X_Y	3	m = s = 1	and $R^3 = R^4 = H$ ;
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl			N, N			
			nin.			
			X = phenyl			
			Y = phenyl			
$-(C=O)-O-R^1$	-(C=O)-NH-pheneth	absent	XY	3	m = s = 1	and $R^3 = R^4 = H$ ; and
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl	yl		N, N			
			-A			
			X = phenyl			
			Y = phenyl			
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-(C=O)-NH-S(O) <sub>2</sub> -b	absent	XY Y	3	m = s = 1	and $R^3 = R^4 = H$ .
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl	enzyl		N, N,			
			~~~			
			X = phenyl			
			Y = phenyl			

50. (Previously Presented) A compound of Formula III or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof:

Formula III

wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of H, -(C=O)-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>, -C(=O)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>, -C(=S)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-R<sup>1</sup>, and -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-NH-R<sup>1</sup>;

G is selected from the group consisting of -OH, -O-( $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl), -NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>- $R^1$ , -(C=O)- $R^2$ , -(C=O)-O- $R^1$ , and -(C=O)-NH- $R^2$ ;

L is selected from the group consisting of absent, -S-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -(C=O)-CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CFHCH<sub>2</sub>-, -CF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -CR<sub>x</sub>=CR<sub>x</sub>- where  $R_x$  = H or halogen;

W is selected from the group consisting of and , where X and Y are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-alkylamino, -CH<sub>2</sub>-dialkylamino, -CH<sub>2</sub>-arylamino, -CH<sub>2</sub>-diarylamino, -(C=O)-alkylamino, -(C=O)-dialkylamino, -(C=O)-arylamino, -(C=O)-diarylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl; in the alternative, X and Y taken together with the carbon atoms occupying the 4 and 5 positions of the triazole ring, to which X and Y are attached, for a cyclic moiety selected from the group consisting of aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

$$j = 0, 1, 2, 3, \text{ or } 4;$$
  
 $m = 0, 1, \text{ or } 2;$ 

$$s = 0, 1 \text{ or } 2;$$

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>I</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkyl amino, arylamino, diarylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl.

51. (Original) A compound according to claim 50, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>;  
G is hydroxyl;  
L is absent;  

$$j = 3$$
;  
 $m = s = 1$ ; and  
 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are hydrogen.

52. (Original) A compound according to claim 50, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-tert-butyl;  
G is hydroxyl;  
L is absent;  
$$j = 3$$
;  
 $m = s = 1$ ; and  
 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are hydrogen.

53. (Original) A compound according to claim 50, wherein:

A is 
$$-(C=O)-O-R^1$$
,

G is hydroxyl;

L is absent;

j = 3;

m = s = 1; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

54. (Original) A compound according to claim 50, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-*tert*-butyl;

G is hydroxyl;

L is absent;

W is

j = 3;

m = s = 1; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

(Currently amended) A compound of Formula IV or a pharmaceutically 55. acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof:

(IV)

wherein

A is hydrogen,  $-(C=O)-R^1$ ,  $-(C=O)-O-R^1$ ,  $-C(=O)-NH-R^2$ ,  $-C(=S)-NH-R^2$ ,  $-S(O)_2-R^2$ ,  $-(C=NR^1)-R^1$ , or  $-(C=NR^1)-NH-R^1$ ;

G is -OH, -O-( $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl), -NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>- $R^1$ , -(C=O)- $R^2$ , -(C=O)-O- $R^1$ , or -(C=O)-NH- $R^2$ ;

L is <u>absent or selected from</u> -S-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sup>2</sup>-, -S(O)<sup>2</sup>CH<sup>2</sup>CH<sup>2</sup>-, -S(O)-, -S(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -(C=O)-CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CFHCH<sub>2</sub>- -CF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, or  $-CR_x$ =CR<sub>x</sub>- where R<sub>x</sub> = H or halogen;

X, Y, and Z are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $N_3$ , halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, substituted aryl, -S-substituted aryl, -O-aryl, -O-substituted aryl, NH-substituted aryl, diarylamino, diheteroarylamino, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -S-heteroaryl, -S-substituted heteroaryl, -O-heteroaryl, -O-substituted heteroaryl, -NH-heteroaryl, -NH-substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl; or,

in the alternative, X and Y or Y and Z taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form an aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, or substituted heteroaryl cyclic moiety;

$$j = 0, 1, 2, 3, \text{ or } 4;$$
  
 $m = 0, 1, \text{ or } 2;$   
 $s = 0, 1 \text{ or } 2;$ 

 $R^1$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, or substituted heterocycloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkyl amino, arylamino, diarylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, or substituted heterocycloalkyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently hydrogen or methyl.

56. (Original) A compound according to claim 55, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>;  
G is hydroxyl;  
L is absent;  

$$j = 3$$
;  
 $m = s = 1$ ; and  
R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

57. (Original) A compound according to claim 55, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-tert-butyl;  
G is hydroxyl;  
L is absent;  
$$j = 3$$
;  
 $m = s = 1$ ; and  
 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are hydrogen.

58. (Original) A compound according to claim 55 which is selected from the group

### consisting of:

A	G	L	X, Y	Z	j	m, s	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
tBOC	OEt	absent	X = Y = bromo	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
							hydrogen;
tBOC	OEt	absent	X = Y = thiophen-3-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			yl				hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = Y = thiophen-3-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			yl				hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = Y = phenyl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
							hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = Y = 4-(N, N-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			dimethylamino)phen				hydrogen;
			yl				
tBOC	OH	absent	X = Y = 4	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			(trifluoromethoxy)ph				hydrogen;
			enyl				
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = Y = 4	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			(methanesulfonyl)phe				hydrogen;
			nyl				
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = Y = 4	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			(cyano)phenyl				hydrogen;
tBOC	OH	absent	X = Y = 3-pyridyl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
							hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = Y = 4	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			(morpholin-4-yl-				hydrogen;
			methanonyl)phenyl				2 4
tBOC	OH	absent	X = Y = bromo	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
							hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X and Y taken	4-	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			together = phenyl	methoxyphen			hydrogen;
				yl			2 4
tBOC	ОН	absent	X and Y taken	4-	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			together = phenyl	chlorophenyl			hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = 4-fluorophenyl	phenyl	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y = hydrogen				hydrogen;

A	G	L	X, Y	Z	j	m, s	$R^3, R^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	Y = 1-piperidyl	phenyl	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
							hydrogen;
tBOC	OEt	absent	X = hydrogen	phenyl	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y = bromo				hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = hydrogen	phenyl	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y = thiophen-3-yl				hydrogen;
tBOC	OEt	absent	X = bromo	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y = pyrrolid-1-yl				hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = thiophen-3-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y = pyrrolid-1-yl				hydrogen;
tBOC	OEt	absent	X = bromo	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y = azido				hydrogen;
tBOC	OEt	absent	X = thiophen-3-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y = azido				hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = thiophen-3-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y = azido				hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = thiophen-3-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y = tetrazol-2-yl				hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = Y =	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			mercapto-2-pryrimi				hydrogen;
			dine				
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = bromo	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y =				hydrogen;
			mercapto-2-pryrimi				
			dine				
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = thiophen-3-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y =				hydrogen;
			mercapto-2-pryrimi				
			dine				
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = Y = thiazol-2-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
							hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = Y = imidazol-1-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			yl				hydrogen;

A	G	L	X, Y	Z	j	m, s	$R^3, R^4$
tBOC	ОН	absent	X = 2-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			(cyclopropylamino)-				hydrogen;
			thiazol-4-yl				
			Y = 4-				
			methoxyphenyl				
tBOC	ОН	absent	X and Y taken together = 6- methoxy- isoquinolinyl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$ hydrogen

## 59. (Original) A compound according to claim 55 which is selected from the group consisting of:

A	G	L	X, Y	Z	j	m, s	$\mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^4$
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	ОН	absent	X = thiophen-3-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
wherein $R^1$ = cyclopentyl			Y = thiophen-3-yl				hydrogen;
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	ОН	absent	X = thiophen-3-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
wherein $R^1$ = cyclobutyl			Y = thiophen-3-yl				hydrogen;
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	ОН	absent	X = thiophen-3-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
wherein $R^1$ = cyclohexyl			Y = thiophen-3-yl				hydrogen;
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	ОН	absent	X = thiophen-3-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
wherein $R^1 = $			Y = thiophen-3-yl				hydrogen;
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	ОН	absent	X = thiophen-3-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
(°)			Y = thiophen-3-yl				hydrogen;
wherein $R^1 =$							and
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	ОН	absent	X = thiophen-3-yl	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
			Y = thiophen-3-yl				hydrogen.
wherein $R^1 =$							

60. (Original) A compound according to claim 55 which is selected from the group

### consisting of:

A	G	L	X	Y	Z	j	m, s	$R^3, R^4$
tBOC	ОН	-(C=O)CH <sub>2</sub> -	thiophen-3-yl	thiophen-3-yl	hydrog	1	m = s =	and $R^3 = R^4 =$
					en		1	hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	-CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	thiophen-3-yl	thiophen-3-yl	hydrog	1	m = s =	$R^3 = methyl$
		2-			en		1	and $R^4 =$
								hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	-O-	thiophen-3-yl	thiophen-3-yl	hydrog	0	m = s =	$R^3 = methyl$
					en		1	and $R^4 =$
								hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	-S-	thiophen-3-yl	thiophen-3-yl	hydrog	0	m = s =	$R^3 = methyl$
					en		1	and $R^4 =$
								hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	-S(O)-	thiophen-3-yl	thiophen-3-yl	hydrog	2	m = s =	$R^3 = methyl$
					en		1	and $R^4 =$
								hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	-S(O) <sub>2</sub> -	thiophen-3-yl	thiophen-3-yl	hydrog	2	m = s =	$R^3 = methyl$
					en		1	and $R^4 =$
								hydrogen;
tBOC	ОН	-SCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> -	thiophen-3-yl	thiophen-3-yl	hydrog	0	m = s =	and $R^3 = R^4 =$
					en		1	CH <sub>3</sub> ;
tBOC	ОН	-CF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> -	thiophen-3-yl	thiophen-3-yl	hydrog	1	m = s =	and $R^3 = R^4 =$
					en		1	hydrogen; and
tBOC	ОН	-CFHCH <sub>2</sub> -	thiophen-3-yl	thiophen-3-yl	hydrog	1	m = s =	and $R^3 = R^4 =$
					en		1	hydrogen.

# 61. (Original) A compound according to claim 55 which is selected from the group consisting of:

A	G	L	X	Y	Z	j	m, s	$R^3, R^4$
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-O-phenethyl	absent	thiophe	thiophen-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl			n-3-yl	3-yl				hydrogen;
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-NH-phenethyl	absent	thiophe	thiophen-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
$R^1 = \text{cyclopentyl}$			n-3-yl	3-yl				hydrogen;
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-NHS(O)	absent	thiophe	thiophen-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl	<sub>2</sub> -phenethyl		n-3-yl	3-yl				hydrogen;

A	G	L	X	Y	Z	j	m, s	$R^3, R^4$
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-(C=O)-OH	absent	thiophe	thiophen-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
$R^1 = cyclopentyl$			n-3-yl	3-yl				hydrogen;
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-(C=O)-O-phe	absent	thiophe	thiophen-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl	nethyl		n-3-yl	3-yl				hydrogen;
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-(C=O)-NH-ph	absent	thiophe	thiophen-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl	enethyl		n-3-yl	3-yl				hydrogen;
								and
-(C=O)-O-R <sup>1</sup>	-(C=O)-NH-S(	absent	thiophe	thiophen-	hydrogen	3	m = s = 1	$R^3 = R^4 =$
$R^1$ = cyclopentyl	O) <sub>2</sub> -benzyl		n-3-yl	3-yl				hydrogen.

## 62. (Previously Presented) A compound of Formula V or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof:

wherein

 $A \ is \ hydrogen, \ -(C=O)-R^1 \ , \ -(C=O)-O-R^1, \ -C(=O)-NH-R^2 \ , \ -C(=S)-NH-R^2 \ , \ or \ -S(O)_2-R^2, \ -(C=NR^1)-R^1, \ or \ -(C=NR^1)-NH-R^1;$ 

G is -OH, -O-( $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl), -NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>1</sup>, -(C=O)-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>, or -(C=O)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>;

L is absent, -S-, -SCH $^2$ -, -SCH $_2$ CH $_2$ -, -S(O) $_2$ -, -S(O) $_2$ CH $_2$ CH $_2$ -, -S(O)-, -S(O)CH $_2$ CH $_2$ -, -O-, -OCH $_2$ -, -OCH $_2$ CH $_2$ -, -(C=O)-CH $_2$ -, -CH(CH $_3$ )CH $_2$ -, -CFHCH $_2$ -, -CF $_2$ CH $_2$ -, or -CR $_3$ =CR $_3$ - where R $_3$  = H or halogen -;

X, Y, and Z are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, N<sub>3</sub>, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, substituted aryl, -S-aryl, -S-substituted aryl, -O-aryl, -O-substituted aryl, NH-aryl, NH-substituted aryl, diarylamino, diheteroarylamino, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -S-heteroaryl, -S-substituted heteroaryl, -O-heteroaryl, -O-substituted heteroaryl, -NH-heteroaryl, -NH-substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl; or,

in the alternative, X and Y or Y and Z taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form an aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl cyclic moiety;

$$j = 0, 1, 2, 3, \text{ or } 4;$$
  
 $m = 0, 1, \text{ or } 2;$   
 $s = 0, 1 \text{ or } 2;$ 

 $R^1$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, or substituted heterocycloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkyl amino, arylamino, diarylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heterocycloalkyl, and

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are each independently hydrogen or methyl.

### 63. (Original) A compound according to claim 62, wherein:

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen.

64. (Original) A compound according to claim 62, wherein:

A is -(C=O)-O-tert-butyl; G is hydroxyl; L is absent; j = 3; m = s = 1; and  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are hydrogen.

- 65. (Original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an anti-hepatitis C virally effective amount of a compound according to claim 1, 27, 36, 41, 50, 55, or 62, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or prodrug thereof, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.
- 66. (Original) A method of treating a hepatitis C viral infection in a subject, comprising administering to the subject an anti-hepatitis C virally effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 65.
- 67. (Original) A method of inhibiting the replication of hepatitis C virus, the method comprising supplying a hepatitis C viral NS3 protease inhibitory amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 65.
- 68. (Original) The method of claim 66 further comprising administering concurrently an additional anti-hepatitis C virus agent.
- 69. (Original) The method of claim 68, wherein said additional anti-hepatitis C virus agent is selected from the group consisting of  $\alpha$ -interferon,  $\beta$ -interferon, ribavarin, and adamantine.

70. (Original) The method of claim 68, wherein said additional anti-hepatitis C virus agent is an inhibitor of other targets in the hepatitis C virus life cycle which is selected from the group consisting of helicase, polymerase, metal loprotease, and IRES.

#### 71-73. (Cancelled)

74. (Original) A method for making a compound of Formula I in claim 1, comprising the steps of: (i) reacting a proline derivative of formula VI:

wherein,

P is a nitrogen-protecting group;

L is a leaving group;

R is optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aralkyl, or optionally substituted heteroaralkyl;

with a nucleophilic heterocyclic compound; and (ii) converting the resulting compound to a compound of Formula I in claim 1.

75. (Original) A method for making a compound of Formula I in claim 1, comprising the steps of: (i) reacting a compound of formula VII:

#### Formula VII

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{R}^{3} \\ \mathbf{R}^{4} \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{R}^{4}$$

wherein,

L is a leaving group;

A is a nitrogen protecting group; and

the remaining variables are as defined in claim 1;

with a nucleophilic heterocyclic compound; and (ii) converting the resulting compound to a compound of Formula I in claim 1.

- 76. (Original) The compound of formula I in claim 1, wherein W is wherein V, X, Y, and Z are each independently selected from:
  - a)  $-C_1-C_6$  alkyl containing 0, 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S, or N, optionally substituted with one or more substituent selected from halogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycloalkyl, or substituted heterocycloalkyl;
  - b) -C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl containing 0, 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S, or N, optionally substituted with one or more substituent selected from halogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycloalkyl, or substituted heterocycloalkyl;
  - c)  $-C_2-C_6$  alkynyl containing 0, 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S, or N, optionally substituted with one or more substituent selected from halogen,

aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycloalkyl, or substituted heterocycloalkyl;

- d) aryl;
- e) substituted aryl;
- f) heteroaryl;
- g) substituted heteroaryl;
- h) heterocycloalkyl; or
- i) substituted heterocycloalkyl;

or in the alternative, V and X, X and Y, or Y and Z are taken together with the carbons to which they are attached to for a cyclic moiety selected from: aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycloalkyl, or substituted heterocycloalkyl.

$$x \stackrel{N}{\longrightarrow} x$$

- 77. (Original) The compound of formula I in claim 1, wherein W is wherein X, Y, and Z are each independently selected from:
  - a) —C<sub>1</sub>—C<sub>6</sub> alkyl containing 0, 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S, or N, optionally substituted with one or more substituent selected from halogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycloalkyl, or substituted heterocycloalkyl;
  - b) —C<sub>2</sub>—C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl containing 0, 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S, or N, optionally substituted with one or more substituent selected from halogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycloalkyl, or substituted heterocycloalkyl;
  - c) —C<sub>2</sub>—C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl containing 0, 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S, or N, optionally substituted with one or more substituent selected from halogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycloalkyl, or substituted heterocycloalkyl;
  - d) aryl;
  - e) substituted aryl;

- f) heteroaryl;
- g) substituted heteroaryl;
- h) heterocycloalkyl; or
- i) substituted heterocycloalkyl;

or in the alternative, Y and Z are taken together with the carbons to which they are attached to for a cyclic moiety selected from: aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycloalkyl, or substituted heterocycloalkyl.

78. (Previously Presented) A compound having the Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof:

wherein:

A is selected from the group consisting of H, - (C=O)-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>, -C(=O)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>, -C(=S)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-R<sup>1</sup>, and -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-NH-R<sup>1</sup>;

G is selected from the group consisting of -OH, -O-( $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl), -NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>- $R^1$ , -(C=O)- $R^1$ , -(C=O)-O- $R^1$ , and -(C=O)-NH- $R^1$ ;

L is selected from the group consisting of absent, -S-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)-, -S(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-, -(C=O)-CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CFHCH<sub>2</sub>-, -CF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -CR<sub>x</sub>=CR<sub>x</sub>- where  $R_x$  = H or halogen;

j is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4;

m is 0, 1, or 2;

s is 0, 1 or 2;

 $R^1$  is selected form the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroarylalkyl,

heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, diarylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, OH, CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, SH, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amide, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, and trifluoromethyl;

E is selected from -CH=CH- or -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-; and

W is a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl; or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl.

79. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 78, wherein W is selected from: pyrrolidines, pyrazolidines, pyrrolines, tetrahydrothiophenes, dihydrothiophenes, tetrahydrofurans, dihydrofurans, imidazolines, tetrahydroimidazoles, dihydropyrazoles, tetrahydropyrazoles, oxazolines, pyridines, piperidines, dihydropyridines, tetrahydropyridines, dihydropyrans, tetrahydropyrans, dioxanes, piperazines, dihydropyrimidines, tetrahydropyrimidines, perhydro pyrimidine, morpholine, thioxane, thiomorpholine, hexamethyleneimine, hexamethylenesulfide, pyrroles, pyrazoles, tetrazoles, triazoles, imidazoles, porphyrins, furans, thiophenes, oxazoles, oxadiazoles, isoxazoles, isothiazoles, adenines, azabenzimidazoles, thiazoles, thiadiazoles, azaindoles, benzimidazoles, benzotriazole, benzo isothiazoles, benzofurans, benzoisoxazoles, benzooxazoles, benzothiadiazoles, benzothiazoles, benzothienes, benzothiophenes, benzoxazoles, carbazoles, cinnolines, guanines, imidazopyridines, indazoles, indoles, isoindoles, isoquinoline, phthalazines, purines, pyrrolo pyridines, quinazolines, quinolines, quinoxalines, thianaphthenes, and xanthines.

80. (Previously Presented) A compound having the Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof:

$$A \xrightarrow{H} \begin{bmatrix} W \\ N \\ R^3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{m} H \xrightarrow{O} G$$

wherein:

A is selected from the group consisting of H, - (C=O)-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=O)-O-R<sup>1</sup>, -C(=O)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>, -C(=S)-NH-R<sup>2</sup>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>2</sup>, -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-R<sup>1</sup>, and -(C=NR<sup>1</sup>)-NH-R<sup>1</sup>;

G is selected from the group consisting of -OH, -O-( $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl), -NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>- $R^1$ , -(C=O)- $R^1$ , -(C=O)-O- $R^1$ , and -(C=O)-NH- $R^1$ ;

L is selected from the group consisting of absent, -S-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>-, -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)-, -S(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -(C=O)-CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CFHCH<sub>2</sub>-, -CF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -CR<sub>x</sub>=CR<sub>x</sub>- where  $R_x$  = H or halogen;

j is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4;

m is 0, 1, or 2;

s is 0, 1 or 2;

 $R^1$  is selected form the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heteroarylalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, diarylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, arylalkyl, substituted arylalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, substituted heterocycloalkyl, and substituted heterocycloalkyl;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, OH, CH<sub>3</sub>, CN, SH, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amide, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, and trifluoromethyl;

E is selected from -CH=CH- or -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-; and

W is selected from the group consisting of: dihydro-benzoimidazol-2-one, dihydro-

benzoimidazol-2-thione, dihydro-indol-2-one, indole-2,3-dione, dihydro-benzoimidazol-2-one, quinolin-2-one, quinolin-4-one, quinazolin-2-one, quinazolin-4-one, imidazolidin-2-one, imidazolidine-2-thione, pyrrolidin-2-one, pyrrolidine-2,5-dione, piperidine-2,6-dione, piperidin-2-one, piperazine-2,6-dione, piperazin-2-one, thiomorpholine-1,1-dioxide, pyrazolidin-3-one, and imidazolidine-2,4-dione.

81. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1, represented by Formula VI:

wherein W is a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic ring system selected from tetrazole, triazole, pyrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyridazinone, benzotriazole,

benzimidazole, indazole and indole;  $R_1$  is as previously defined in claim 1.

82. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 27, represented by Formula VII:

wherein A, G, Q and Y are as defined in claim 27.

83. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 41, represented by Formula VIII:

VIII

wherein A, G, Q and Y are as defined in claim 41.

84. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 55, represented by Formula IX:

IX

wherein A, G, X, Y and Z are as defined in claim 55.

85. (Previously Presented) A compound selected from the group consisting of:

86. (Previously Presented) A compound selected from the group consisting of:

pharmaceutically, acceptable, salts, and, isomers, thereof.

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and isomers thereof.

### 87. (Previously Presented) A compound selected from the group consisting of:

salts and isomers thereof.